SENATE BILL No. 502

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-2.5.

Synopsis: State gross retail tax. Specifies that the double direct test for the gross retail tax exemption for agricultural machinery, tools, and equipment applies to agricultural machinery, tools, and equipment acquired for the direct use in the direct production of timber harvesting.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Messmer

January 14, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax & Fiscal Policy.



2015

First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 502

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 6-2.5-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) A person is a
3	retail merchant making a retail transaction when he the person is
4	making wholesale sales.
5	(b) For purposes of this section, a person is making wholesale sales
6	when he: the person:
7	(1) sells tangible personal property, other than capital assets or
8	depreciable property, to a person who purchases the property for
9	the purpose of reselling it without changing its form;
10	(2) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
11	property for direct consumption as a material in the direct
12	production of other tangible personal property produced by the
13	person in his the person's business of manufacturing, processing,
14	refining, repairing, mining, agriculture, or horticulture, or timber
15	harvesting;
16	(3) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the



1	property for incorporation as a material or integral part of tangible
2	personal property produced by the person in his the person's
3	business of manufacturing, assembling, constructing, refining, or
4	processing;
5	(4) sells drugs, medical or dental preparations, or other similar
6	materials to a person who purchases the materials for direct
7	consumption in professional use by a physician, hospital,
8	embalmer, funeral director, or tonsorial parlor;
9	(5) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
10	property for direct consumption in his the person's business of
11	industrial cleaning; or
12	(6) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
13	property for direct consumption in the person's business in the
14	direct rendering of public utility service.
15	(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this article, a person is not
16	making a retail transaction when he: the person:
17	(1) acquires tangible personal property owned by another person;
18	(2) provides industrial processing or servicing, including
19	enameling or plating, on the property; and
20	(3) transfers the property back to the owner to be sold by that
21	owner either in the same form or as a part of other tangible
22	personal property produced by that owner in his the owner's
23	business of manufacturing, assembling, constructing, refining, or
24	processing.
25	SECTION 2. IC 6-2.5-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) Transactions
27	involving agricultural machinery, tools, and equipment are exempt
28	from the state gross retail tax if the person acquiring that property
29	acquires it for his the person's direct use in the direct production,
30	extraction, harvesting, or processing of agricultural commodities,
31	including timber harvesting.
32	(b) Transactions involving agricultural machinery or equipment are
33	exempt from the state gross retail tax if:
34	(1) the person acquiring the property acquires it for use in
35	conjunction with the production of food and food ingredients or
36	commodities for sale;
37	(2) the person acquiring the property is occupationally engaged in
38	the production of food or commodities which he the person sells
39	for human or animal consumption or uses for further food and
40	food ingredients or commodity production; and
41	(3) the machinery or equipment is designed for use in gathering,

moving, or spreading animal waste.



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SECTION 3. IC 6-2.5-5-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.137-2012,
SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5.1. (a) As used in this section, "tangible personal
property" includes electrical energy, natural or artificial gas, water,
steam, and steam heat.

- (b) Transactions involving tangible personal property are exempt from the state gross retail tax if the person acquiring the property acquires it for direct consumption as a material to be consumed in the direct production of other tangible personal property in the person's business of manufacturing, processing, refining, repairing, mining, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, or arboriculture, or timber harvesting. This exemption includes transactions involving acquisitions of tangible personal property used in commercial printing.
- (c) A refund claim based on the exemption provided by this section for electrical energy, natural or artificial gas, water, steam, and steam heat may not cover transactions that occur more than thirty-six (36) months before the date of the refund claim.

